





AMERICAN AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION

> REPRESENTING EMS IN AMERICA

ZOLL









Please medosies. HORIST WEST PatientCare LOGISTICS SOLUTIONS @UKROBL





NOUN

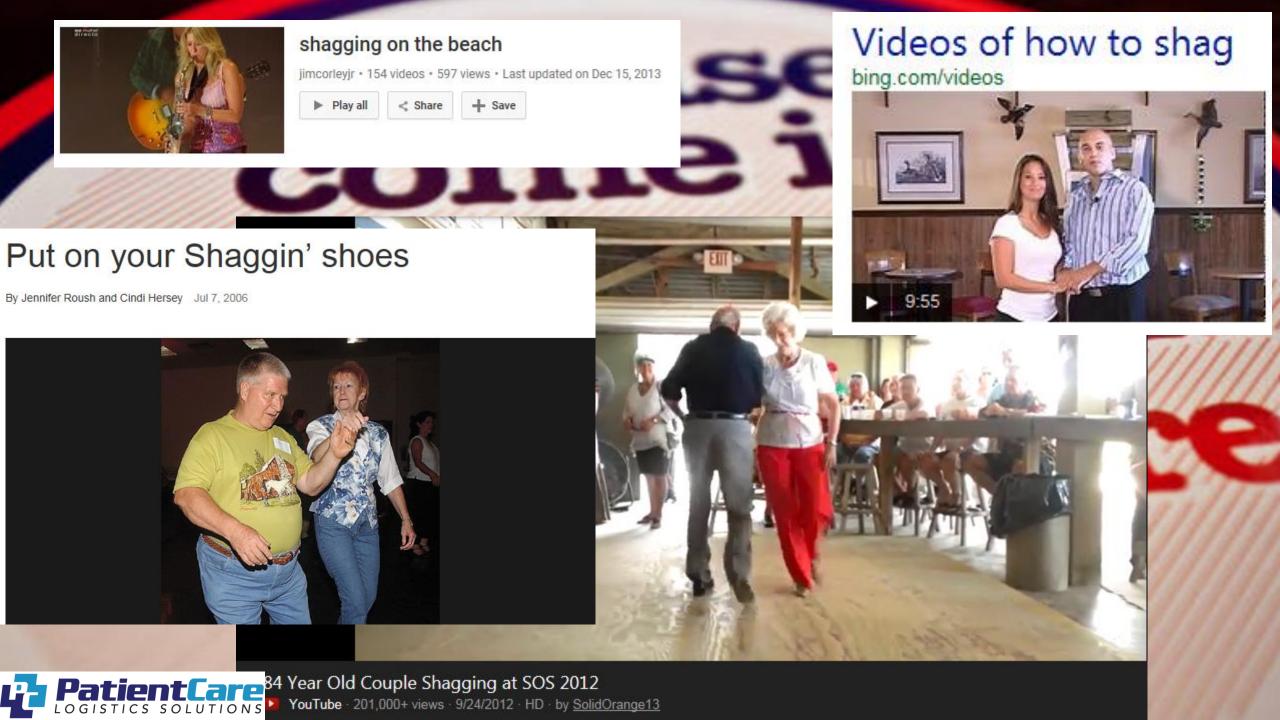
shags (plural noun)



a dance originating in the US in the 1930s and 1940s, characterized by vigorous hopping from one foot to the other.

Please





Has Much Changed Since I Left?

MONTH OF HELL FOR AMBULANCE CREWS

Posted on 31st December 2005 by Darren Fower (Gunthorpe Ward)

(31/12/05) Its expected Ambulance crews in East Anglia are on course to break all 999 records for the month of December:

2005 - 2009

Rob Lawrence, director of operations for the East Anglian Ambulance Service and a former army officer, said it was difficult not to adopt a siege mentality as the number of people demanding emergency treatment continues to soar.

Cup emotion hits ambulance crews

But Rob Lawrence, the trust's director of operations, warned that if the number of calls continued rising at the same levels it would become increasingly difficult to match its current achievements.

'Chaotic' Easter for paramedics

Rob Lawrence, director of operations for the East Anglian Ambulance NHS Trust, said many of the calls were "totally avoidable".













Richmond Crime Data

Crime Data FAQ

47.47

Chicago Crime Data

Crime Data FAQ

CRIME INDEX

8

(100 is safest)

Safer than 8% of the cities in the US.

Richmond A	nnual Crimes				
VIOLENT	PROPERTY	TOTAL			
1,275	9,069	10,344			
annual crimes p	annual crimes per 1,000 residents				

CRIME INDEX

(100 is safest)

Safer than 12% of the cities

Chicago Annual Crimes

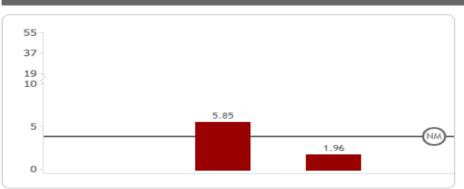
VIOLENT PROPERTY TOTAL

110,349 24,133 86,216

annual crimes per 1,000 residents

31 67 **ጸ ጸ7** 40 53

Violent Crime Comparison per 1,000 residents



5.85

Violent Crime Comparison per 1,000 residents

Richmond Virginia

41.62

	•		
NATIONAL MEDIAN 3.8			NATIONAL MEDIAN
MY CHANCE BECOMING A Richmond In Richmond	8.87	3.70	MY CHANCES OF BECOMING A VICTIM in Chicago 1 in 113
1 in 171 in Virginia 1 in 510			in Illinois 1 in 270
	Chicago	Illinois	

Richmond violent	crimes	Populati	on 217,904	
	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	ASSAULT
REPORT TOTAL	41	43	571	620
RATE PER 1,000	0.19	0.20	2.62	2.85

United States viol	ent crimes		Population 3	18,857,056
	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	ASSAULT
		116,645	325,802	741,291
Patier LOGISTICS	SOLUTIONS	0.37	1.02	2.32

Chicago violent ci	rimes	Population	2,722,389	
	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	ASSAULT
REPORT TOTAL	412	1,350	9,830	12,541
RATE PER 1,000	0.15	0.50	3.61	4.61

United States vio	lent crimes		Population 3	18,857,056
	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	ASSAULT
REPORT TOTAL	14,249	116,645	325,802	741,291
RATE PER 1,000	0.04	0.37	1.02	2.32



COUNTRY RANKINGS

Top 2*	
Middle	
Bottom 2	*

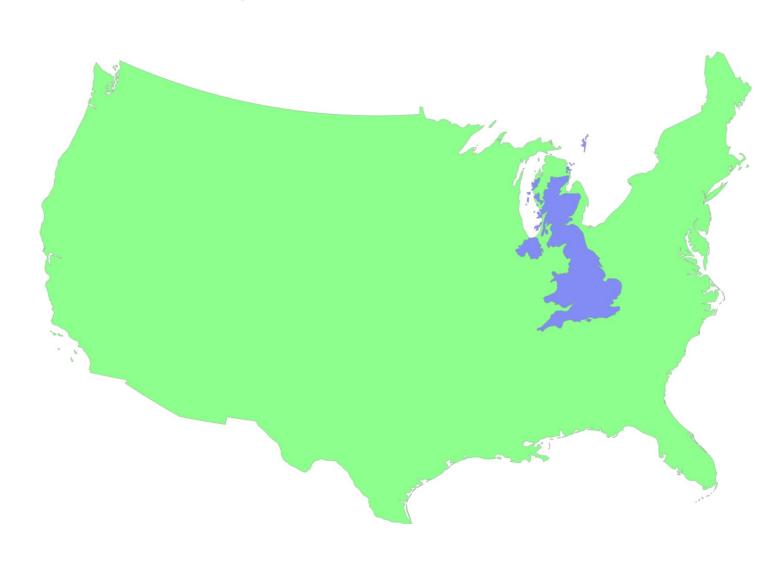
Bottom 2*	*	*				**	#	-	+		
	AUS	CAN	FRA	GER	NETH	NZ	NOR	SWE	SWIZ	UK	US
OVERALL RANKING (2013)	4	10	9	5	5	7	7	3	2	1	11
Quality Care	2	9	8	7	5	4	11	10	3	1	5
Effective Care	4	7	9	6	5	2	11	10	8	1	3
Safe Care	3	10	2	6	7	9	11	5	4	1	7
Coordinated Care	4	8	9	10	5	2	7	11	3	1	6
Patient-Centered Care	5	8	10	7	3	6	11	9	2	1	4
Access	8	9	11	2	4	7	6	4	2	1	9
Cost-Related Problem	9	5	10	4	8	6	3	1	7	1	11
Timeliness of Care	6	11	10	4	2	7	8	9	1	3	5
Efficiency	4	10	8	9	7	3	4	2	6	1	11
Equity	5	9	7	4	8	10	6	1	2	2	11
Healthy Lives	4	8	1	7	5	9	6	2	3	10	11
Health Expenditures/Capita, 2011**	\$3,800	\$4,522	\$4,118	\$4,495	\$5,099	\$3,182	\$5,669	\$3,925	\$5,643	\$3,405	\$8,50



10 + 3 UK Trusts

15,276 'EMS' Services





64M People 93,000 Sq Miles - 1per 7153 Sq Miles

317M People 3.79M Sq Miles - 1 per 248 Sq Miles



Four Little Words











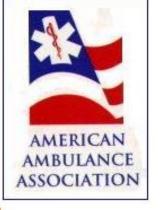








ABCOE



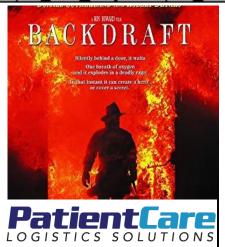


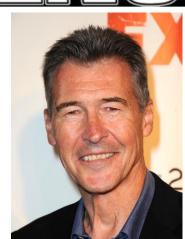




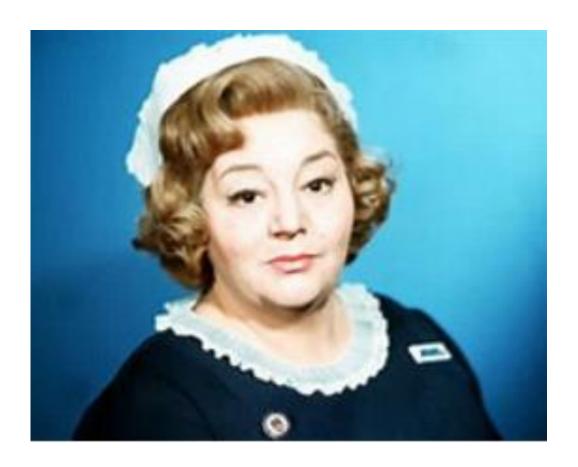








Service Delivery



Monterey County Payer Mix July 2017 - June 2018 Fiscal Year

Payer	Percent of Transports
Medicare Fee for Service	36.90%
Medicare HMO	0.73%
Contracted Government Medicare HMO	1.80%
Medi-Cal	3.56%
Medi-Cal HMO	0.86%
Contracted Government Medil-Cal HMO	23.57%
Contracted Insurance & HMOs	2.28%
Non-Contracted Insurance & HMOs	9.33%
Kaiser HMO	0.46%
Veterans Administration	0.50%





Public Utility Model / Not for Profit











Fire Based





Public Utility Model / Not for Profit



22000

Paramedics

Fire Based





85 CHESAPEANE BEANTE VOLUNTEER RESCUE SQUA ADVANCED LIFE SUPPOR

Public Utility Model / Not for Profit

Volunteer

Fire Based

@UKROBL ril 2009

For Profit / Private

Hospital Based

Paramedics





Lets Talk Helicopters...

Fundraising drive from Lincolnshire Co-op to keep the county's air ambulance flying high



Tractor Run in memory of

Mike Spink and raising money for the Air Ambulance

Knaresborough Charity Hitchin Rock Choir will be singing in Stevenage in aid of Essex and Herts Air Ambulance

Members of a Peterborough running club donate £500 to Air Ambulance

Donations to East Anglian Air Ambulance tripled since Prince William started work as a pilot

Charitable donations have tripled in the last year since the Duke of Cambridge started working as a pilot

Former patient raises thousands for Yorkshire Air **Ambulance**





Air Ambulances: Taking Patients for a Ride

For-profit air-ambulance companies too often pick up people who don't need air transport—and leave families with huge bills that insurance won't pay



Air Ambulance Services Stun Patients With Bills

- ...But while insurance covered the first flight, the hospital called a for-profit service the second time, and Ebert got stuck with a more than \$27,000 bill.
-But two months later, the family got another shock: A notice from Med-Trans, the air-ambulance company, telling them that the transport was \$24,000.
-Life Flight Network had billed them more than \$42,000 for the flight and ambulance ride.

Rising air ambulance bills hit patients with added shock





If you aint First, yer last!





Best value for public health system resources

The IHI Triple Aim is a framework developed by the Institute for Healthcare Improvement that describes an approach to optimizing health system performance.

@UKROBL

NY city settles wrongful death suit over late ambulance arrival

SF ambulances arrive late to life-threatening calls during sweltering weekend heat

Seattle fines ambulance company for late responses

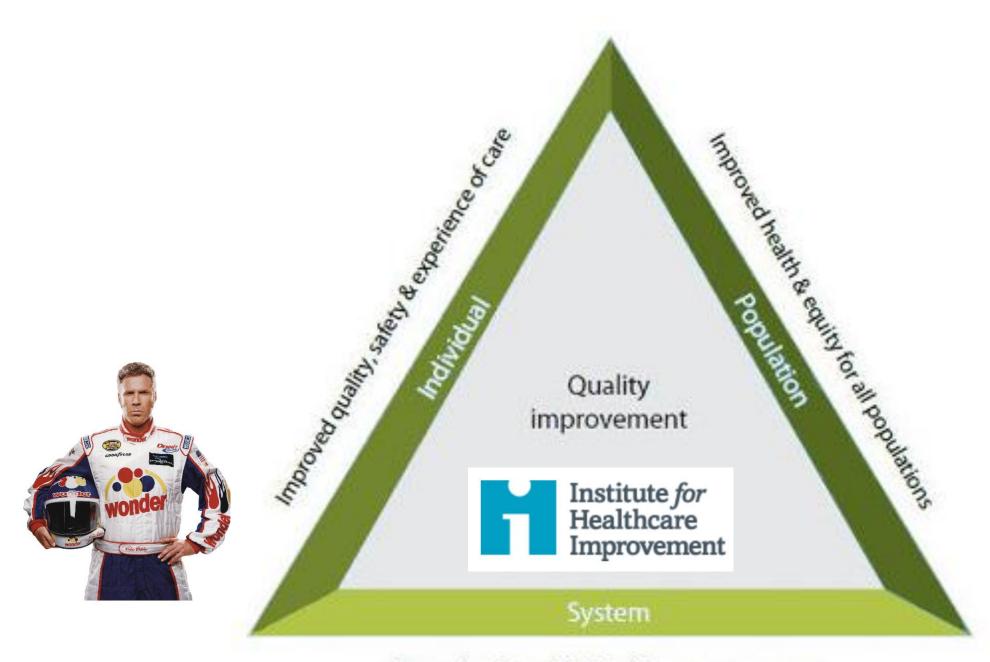
Petition blames Greenville Co. EMS leadership for poor response times and 'toxic' conditions

Ambulance Response Times Are Worse for Low-Income People

UCSF-led Study Finds 10% Lag Time for Heart Attacks in Nation's Poorest Neighborhoods









Emergency Medical Services – Paramedic (pending approval)

Associate of Applied Science (A.A.S.)

Purpose

The purpose of this curriculum is to produce competent entry-level Paramedic who can service the community with advanced life support care via the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) infrastructure. Upon completion of the program, students will be eligible for National Registry testing and certification in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Employment opportunities for Paramedics are available with ambulance, fire and rescue services, hospitals, local, state and federal government agencies and humanitarian relief organizations.

Admission requirements and special conditions

Students must meet JTCC admission requirements. Students must also complete placement tests (or equivalent) in English and mathematics, and scores will be used for appropriate course placement. If students have deficiencies in English and/or mathematics. JTCC offers developmental and prerequisite courses to prepare students for the curriculum. New students should see a counselor and returning students their advisor for more information. To be eligible for placement in the program, students are required to have transcripts of previous high school and college courses sent to John Tyler Community College, submit the required health certificate, and have current CPR certification at the Health Care Provider level. Per Virginia OEMS Regulation students must be a minimum of 18 years of age at the beginning of any ALS certification program and hold, at a minimum, a high school or general equivalency diploma.

Services – Paramedic

Program Curriculum 1st Semester Standard Course Options SDV 101 Orientation to Health Sciences SDV 100 BIO 141 Anatomy&Physiologyl EMS 112 and EMS 113 EMS 111 Emergency Medical Technician - Basic EMS 120 Emergency Medical Technician - Basic Clinical See Note 1. Total Credits 13 Standard Course Options WWW.hcpc-uk.org 2nd Semester Credits

15

See Note 2.

Soo Note 3

Soo Note 3.

Standard Course Options

Standard Course Options

Standard Course Options

See Notes 4 and 5.

 ENG 111 College Composition I
 3

 EMS 151 Introduction to Advanced Life Support
 4

 EMS 152 Advanced Medical Care
 2

 EMS 153 Basic ECG Recognition
 2

 EMS 150 ALS Internship I
 1

Total Credits

EMS 243 ALS Field Internship III

Total Credits For Program

HLT 143 MedicalTerminology

 3rd Semester
 Credits

 BO 142 Anatomy & Physiology II
 4

 EMS 154 ALS Cardiac Care
 2

 EMS 157 ALS Trauma Care
 3

 EMS 159 ALS Special Populations
 3

 EMS 172 ALS Clinical Internship II
 1

 EMS 173 ALS Field Internship II
 1

 Total Credits
 14

 4th Semester
 Credit

 ITE 115 Introduction to Computer Applications & Concepts
 3

 EMS 201 EMS Professional Development
 3

 EMS 205 Advanced Pathophysiology
 4

 EMS 207 Advanced Patient Resessment
 3

 EMS 242 ALS Clinical Internship III
 1

 Total Credits
 15

 5th Semester
 Credits

 Humanities/Fine Arts Bective
 3

 Social/Behavioral Science Bective
 3

 BMS 209 Advanced Pharmacology
 4

 EMS 211 Operations
 2

 EMS 244 ALS Clinical Internship V
 1

 EMS 245 ALS Clinical Internship V
 1

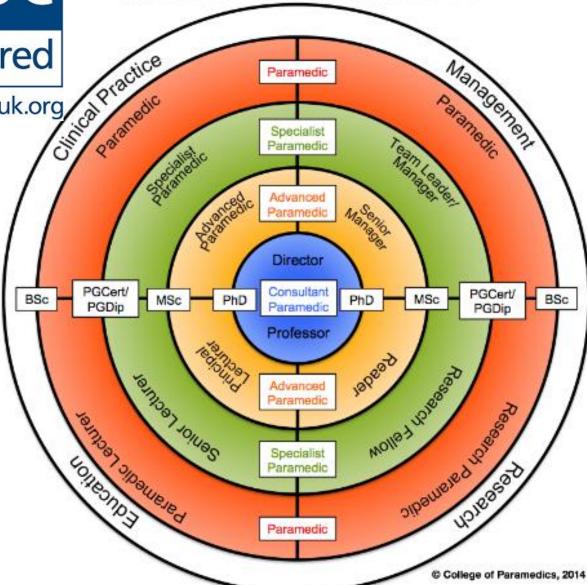
 Total Credits
 14

Notes and Additional Curriculum Options 1. EMS 120 must be taken concurrently with EMS 111 or EMS 113.

- Students must pass cognitive and practical capatone assessments to obtain eligibility to test for EMT Certification.
 Students who have completed EMS 155 will receive credit for EMS 152 and 154.
- 4. The social/helavioral science elective requirement can be satisfied by courses with the following prefixors: ECO, GEO, HIS, PLS, PSY and SOC: Students must pass cognitive and practical capstone assessments to obtain eligibility to test for All Certification levels.
- 5. The humanities elective requirement must be satisfied by completing one 3-credit conceptual humanities course that offers breadth of knowledge. Additional humanities electives may be conceptual or applied with a focus on

hcpc registered

College of Paramedics
Career Framework 2014









NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF EMS EDUCATORS





JOINT POSITION STATEMENT ON DEGREE REQUIREMENTS FOR PARAMEDICS

Sean M. Caffrey, MBA, NRP, FACPE , Leaugeay C. Barnes, MS, NRP, David J. Olvera, AS, NRP, FP-C and CMTE on behalf of the National Association of EMS Educators, the National EMS Management Association and the International Association of Flight and Critical Care Paramedics

The National Association of EMS Educators, the National EMS Management Association, and the International Association of Flight and Critical Care Paramedics believe the time has come for paramedics to be trained through a formal education process that culminates with an associate degree. Once implemented a degree requirement will improve the care delivered by paramedics and enhance paramedicine as a heath profession













Joint Position Statement-Opposition to Proposed Degree Requirements for Accredited Paramedic Programs

'The IAFC, IAFF, NFPA, and NVFC strongly support higher education for members'

.....'However, requiring a college degree for entry-level paramedics would create hardships for fire departments and make EMS systems financially unsustainable in many states. There are no identifiable data or other evidence suggesting that requiring paramedics to obtain a college degree would result in better patient outcomes, enhanced professionalism for EMS providers, better performance, or higher pay'.

For Getting Better, Every Metric Matters

EMS is a rich source of data that can help you improve your organization's efficiency

is month's article provides an overview of the development of a total quality management (TQM) environment in which powertional informetion obtained on every expect of service delivery is collected, colleted, analyzed and assessed to provide evidence for service and healthcare improvement



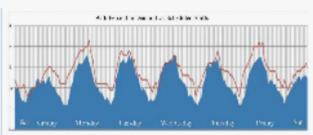
This is the fourth in a poordong uerden by the Academy of International Mobile Hanithcarn Intanation (AUAHI) to advocats agreedes an the ballmarks and attributes of highperformance/blokealor EMS system design. For more an

AIMIN, white wave abroks make

With the advent of Initiatives such as NEMSS and EMS Compass, Information and metric collection has become less of a mystery to many. However, while we operate in a high-tech information age, it is still surprising how many agencies and organizations say they don't have enough information to act on

The information-collection cycle begins with the 9-1-1 call, a request for nonemer-

Information gathering begins the moment a call is received by the 9-1-1 dispetcher.



Demand analysis provides valuable information on staffing requirements.

gency transport or, in an Mil-Lenvironment, a request for service or visit. As each type of call is conducted, further information is gained at each phase in the cycle.

Demand Analysis

in the business world, companies use market demand analysis to understand how much consumer demand advis for a product or service. This enalysis helps management determine if they can successfully enter a market and generate enough profits to advance their operations. From an EMS perspective, the analysis identifies the time and apace in which a call occurs to identify where and when a responding resource needs to be in order to meet the response time, clinical or patient requirement.

The Information needed to conduct a demand enalysis constate exclusively of historical data that provides a statement of "how we did " The trick is then to apply a reasonable estimate of service growth or loss to identify the requirement for the future. By understanding the temporal and geospatial demand. In other words—the where and the when-e picture of demand. can be constructed. This information provides management valuable information on how many hours and staff are needed to complete a task

From a 9-1-1 perspective, bleasving begins with a phone call. As soon as the phone is answered and the caller interrogated, information flows in Metrics gathered provide the main body of demand analysis Additionally modern CAD systems are capable of many live alerting and reporting functions to ensure the flow of resources remains constant, thus avoiding delaws and

The Response

The great response time debute rages on, with some services extending their requirements based on clinical outcomes, while

Messurement	Descriptor	Data Source	Future Use
Call pickup (answering)	Percentage of calls answered within the specified pickup time	Center phone system	If the agency does not have its own PSAP can use to excess phone arewering efficiency
Call to disperich	Time from call answer to wheels turning	CAD	If response time improvement is needed, improvement in this area could essist in system improvement.



By Rob Lawrence

The growth of the opioid epidemic has spurred an increase in public safety partnerships and task forces charged with addressing this national public health emergency. These multidisciplinary partnerships have led to the realization of the intelligence available to help understand the size and scope of the problem.

Key intelligence requirements for police and public health alike in the identification of opioid use and overdose trends is to understand the "where, when and how much." Strategies for interdiction, intervention, prevention and treatment all come from these key questions.

The Richmond Ambulance Authority (RAA), in partnership with the Richmond Police Department and Richmond Public Health District, employed its FirstWatch biosurveillance system to turn real-time activity data into actionable intelligence for all partners, within the realities of HIPAA law that surrounds the delivery of prehospital medical care.

The FirstWatch system is designed to improve situational awareness, operational performance and clinical patient outcomes by securely capturing, translating and transmitting information about 911 callers, patients and systems. RAA employs FirstWatch's triggers to answer a number of key questions such as trend and cluster analysis, and identification of repeat or returning patients.

A key tool in the analysis armory is RAA's Controlled Drugs Trigger. Every time a medic administers Narcan, the dose and quantity are recorded. The higher the amount of Narcan needed to revive a patient becomes a gross indicator of the complexity of the heroin





















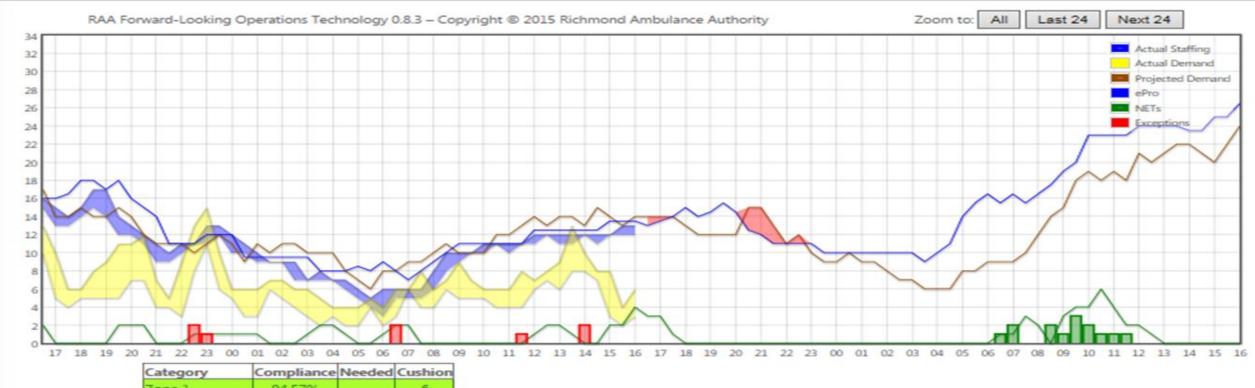




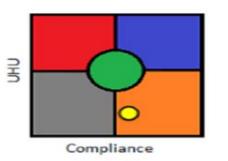








Category	Compliance	Needed	Cushior
Zone 1	94.57%		6
Zone 2	95.15%		7
Zone 3	92.63%		4
Zone 4	91.49%		3
Priority 1	93.49%		13
Priority 2	97.65%		6
Priority 3	97.81%		10
Emergency	95.05%		30
Priority 4	94.12%		3
Priority 5	97.67%		3
Priority 6	95.65%		2
Non-Emergency	95.4%		9
Overall	95.1396		40
	0.519	1	



Condition Orange

Contingencies:



@UKROBL



NEMSIS Public Data Quality Report

Data Submitted: 3/4/2019 to 3/8/2019

Overall Score

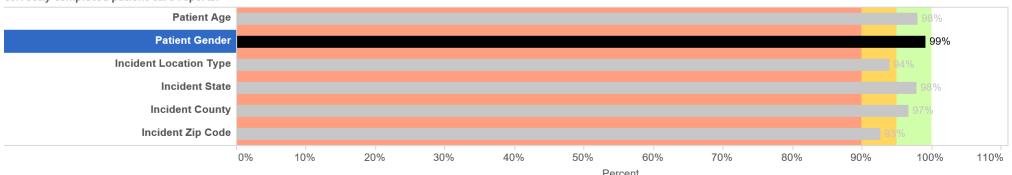
This dashboard provides a "current week" estimate of the data quality among records flowing into the National EMS Registry. The dashboard is updated each Wednesday to include the records submitted during the past week. For each data element, recorded values such as "Not Applicable" or "Not Known" are considered invalid values.



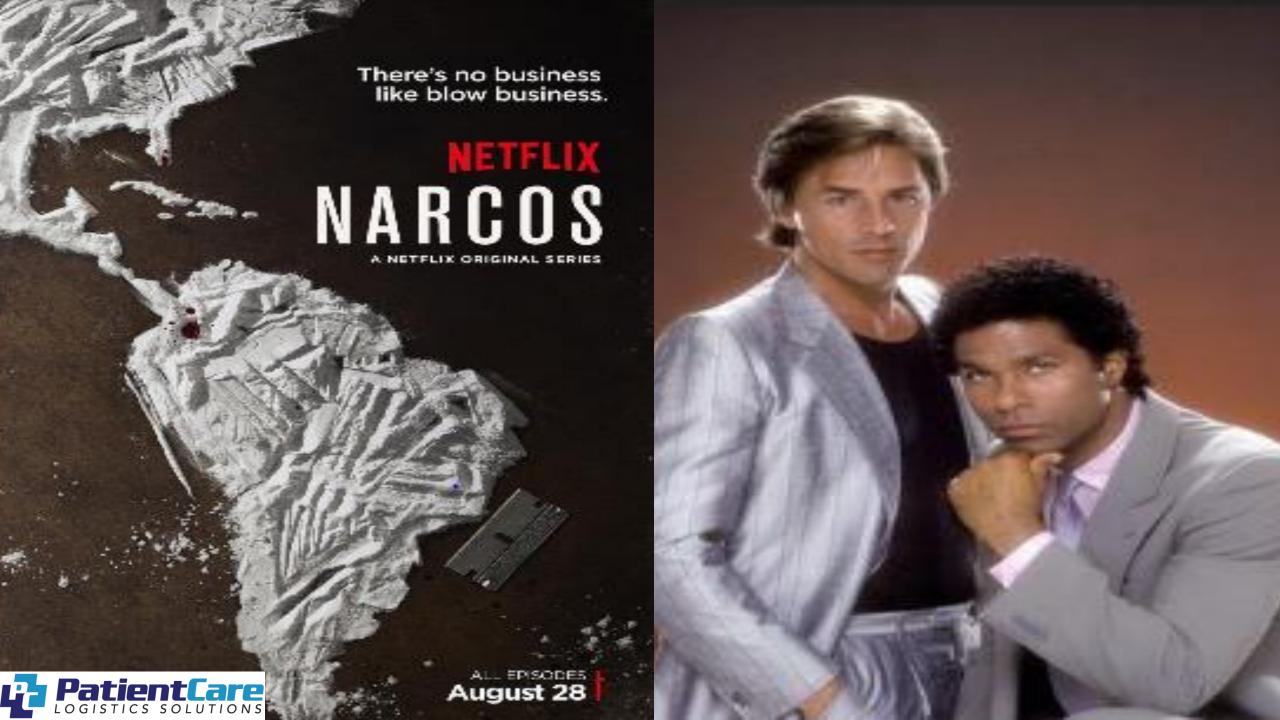
96%

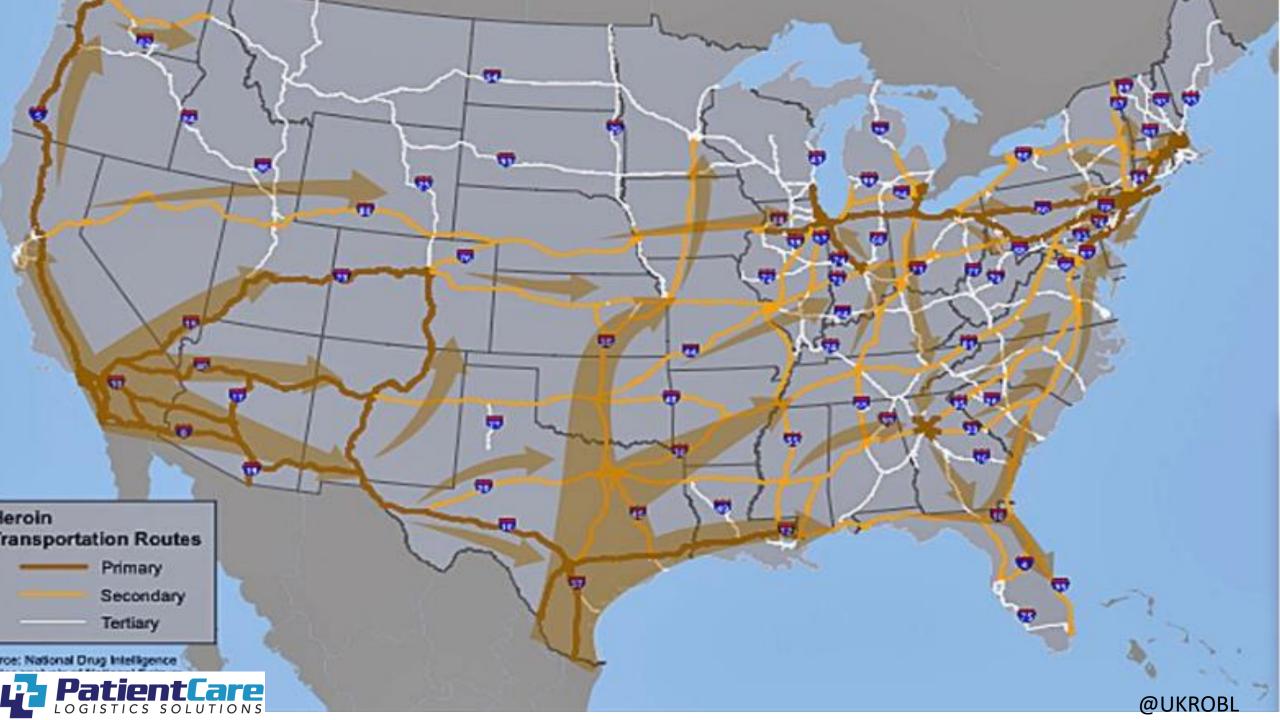
Patient Information

When EMS encounters a patient, several elements should be completed with valid values. The following chart shows the percent of correctly completed patient care reports.

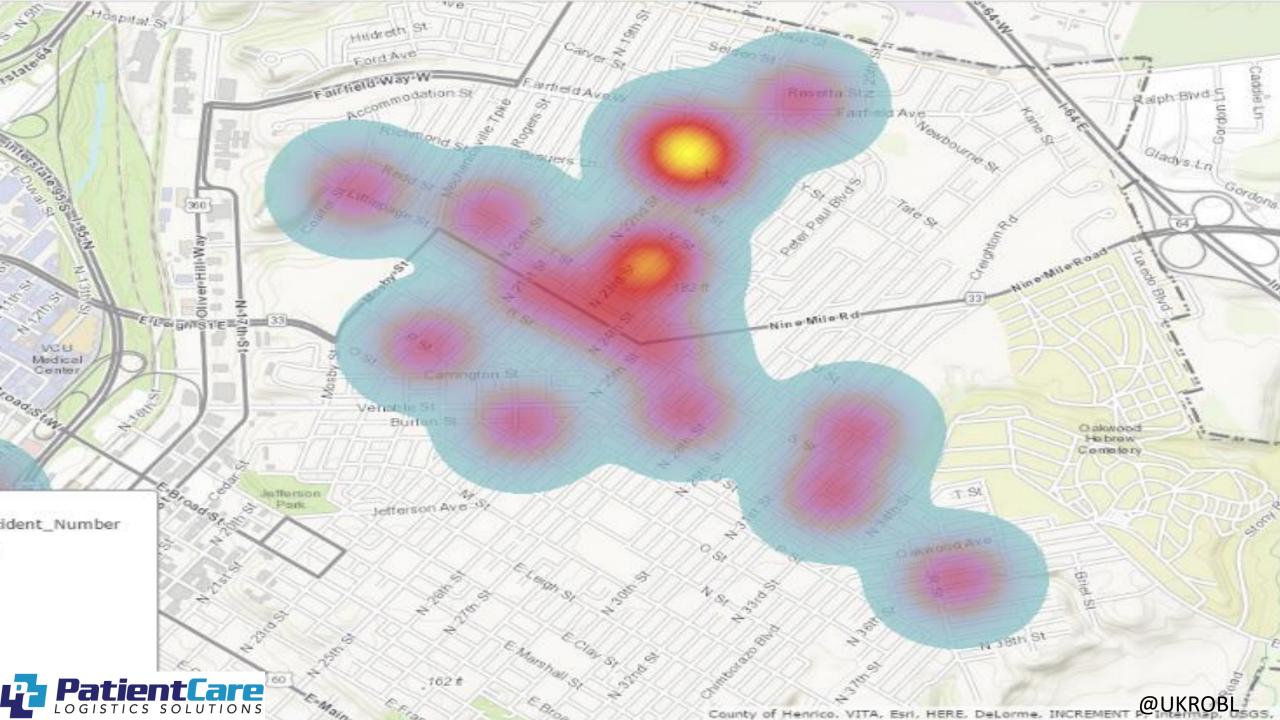














• -									
DOB -	Age ▼	Gend∈▼	Ethnici •	-	Ψ.	¥	-	¥	
2/27/1981	36	М	W	1677430					
11/12/1963	53	М	``	1625773	1557141				
7/29/1952	64	М	В	1623836					
1/15/1997	20	F	Н						
6/21/1995	22	F	V						
8/23/1994	22	F	>						
8/14/1992	24	М	>						
8/11/1992	24	F	W	1346124					
7/8/1991	25	М	В	1630823					
2/5/1990	27	М	W						
1/21/1988	29	М	W	1522565	1500114	1435972			
1/3/1988	29	М	W						
9/9/1987	29	М	W						
9/21/1985	31	М	W	1244012	1162385	1156926	1046888	1003772	
8/6/1985	31	М	W		1243351				
5/31/1985	32	F	W	943840					
3/31/1985	32	М	В						
4/15/1984	33	F	В	1649933	1603261	1533769	1467606	1413468	1360
7/15/1983	33	F	В	1324335					
9/21/1982	34	М	w						
6/15/1982	35	М	w	1652414	1652215				
7/28/1980	36	М	В						
6/26/1980	37	F	W	1123934					
5/6/1977	40	М	w						
5/12/1976	41	М	W	1330737					
3/7/1974	43	F	В	1573656	1557356	1511177			
9/25/1973	43	М	В	1126333					



FirstWatch Analysis Tool

1. Specify Start Date/Time: (Can leave the box BLANK if Start Date/Time is 24 hours before the End Date/Time) 02/17/2016 00:00:00



2. Specify End Date/Time: 02/24/2016 23:59:59



3. Choose a view:

Event List Reload

GraphIt Reload

MapShot Reload

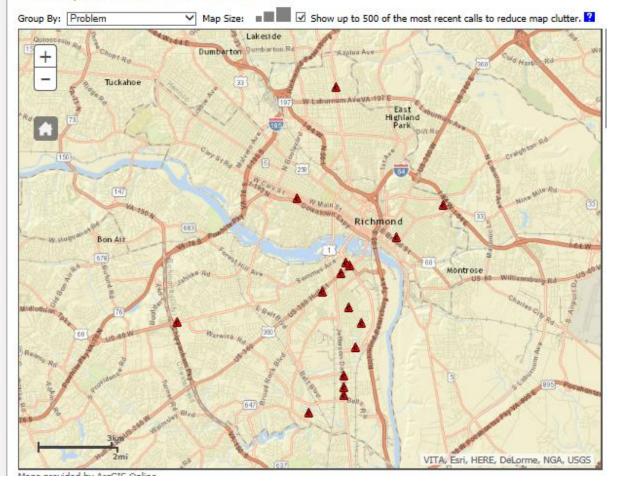
Destination Reload

Historical Alerts

Time Series by Day

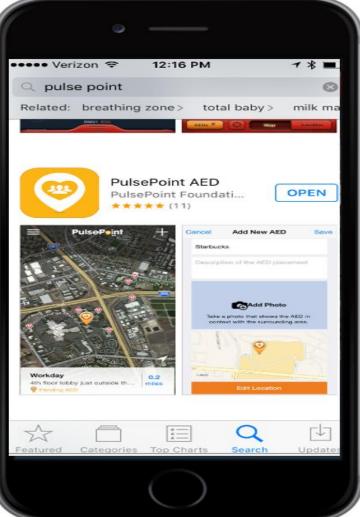
Go back to Real-Time

RAA - Possible Heroin Overdose MapShot
Map icons displayed represent active, completed or in queue calls between the hours of 2/17/2016 and 2/24/2016 11:59:59 PM that have Data and Report from the FirstWatch™ Internet Server

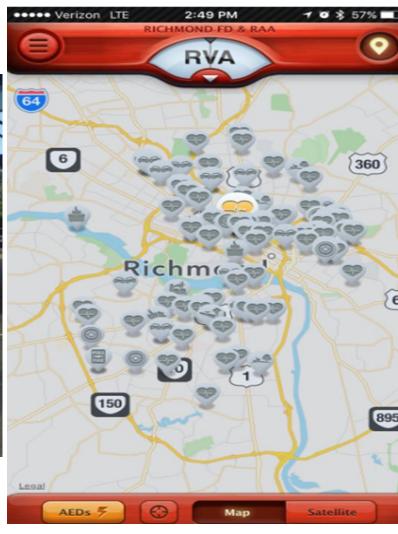




PulseP@int











No matter how rapid the arrival of professional emergency responders, bystanders will always be first on the scene. A person who is bleeding can die from blood loss within five minutes, so it's important to quickly stop the blood loss.

Remember to be aware of your surroundings and move yourself and the injured person to safety, if necessary.

Call 911.

Bystanders can take simple steps to keep the injured alive until appropriate medical care is available. Here are three actions that you can take to help save a life:

1. Apply Pressure with Hands

EXPOSE to find where the bleeding is coming from and apply FIRM, STEADY PRESSURE to the bleeding site with both hands if possible.



2. Apply Dressing and Press

EXPOSE to find where the bleeding is coming from and apply FIRM. STEADY PRESSURE to the bleeding site with bandages or clothing.



3. Apply Tourniquet(s)

If the bleeding doesn't stop, place a tourniquet as high on the extremity as possibe above the wound. The tourniquet



If the bleeding still doesn't stop, place a second tourniquet next to the first tourniquet.



The 'Stop the Bleed' campaign was initiated by a federal interagency workgroup convened by the National Security Council Staff, The White House. The purpose of the campaign is to build national resilience by better preparing the public to save lives by raising awareness of basic actions to stop life threatening bleeding following everyday emergencies and man-made and natural disasters. Advances made by military medicine and research in hemorrhage control during the wars in Alghanistan and Iraq have informed the work of this initiative which exemplifies translation of knowledge back to the homeland to the benefit of the general public. The Department of the Defense owns the 'Stop the Bleed' logo and phrase





Va. public schools get Stop the Bleed kits and training

Richmond Public Schools received \$22,000 in life-saving blood control equipment as part of the national Stop the Bleed campaign



Community paramedicine program showcased at Statehouse



Jim Johnson | jjohnson@jrpress.com Feb 15, 2019 ■1



Senate Bill 498





Engrossed Senate Bill (H)

Authored by Sen. Karen Tallian, Sen. Ed Charbonneau, Sen. Philip Boots.

Co-Authored by Sen. Randall Head, Sen. Michael Crider, Sen. Lonnie Randolph, Sen. Jean Breaux, Sen. Eddie Melton, Sen. Mike Bohacek. **Sponsored by** Rep. Timothy Brown, Rep. Dan Forestal, Rep. Cindy Kirchhofer.

Authors / Co-Authors / Sponsors



DIGEST

Mobile integration healthcare. Provides that the office of the secretary of family and social services may reimburse certain emergency medical services provider agencies for covered services provided to a Medicaid recipient as part of a mobile integration healthcare program. Amends the definition of "emergency medical services" to include transportation services, acute care, chronic condition services, or disease management services as part of a mobile integration healthcare program. Provides that the emergency medical services commission (commission), in consultation with the state department of health, may develop a mobile integration healthcare program and approve mobile integration healthcare program applications. Sets forth requirements ... View more

......transportation services, acute care, chronic condition services, or disease management services as part of a mobile integration healthcare program.





Emergency Triage, Treat, and Transport (ET3) Model

Pay participating ambulance suppliers and providers to:

- 1) Transport an individual to a hospital emergency department (ED) or other destination covered under the regulations
- 2) Transport to an alternative destination (such as a primary care doctor's office or an urgent care clinic)
- 3) Provide treatment in place with a qualified health care practitioner, either on the scene or connected using telehealth



Timeline



January 01, 2020

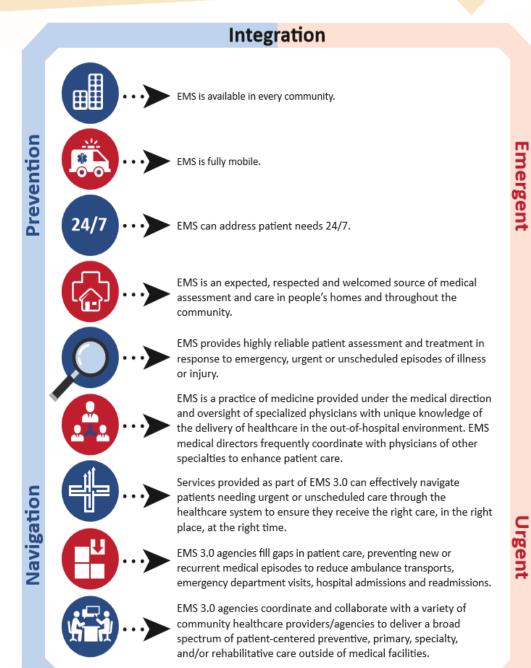
Anticipated performance period start date

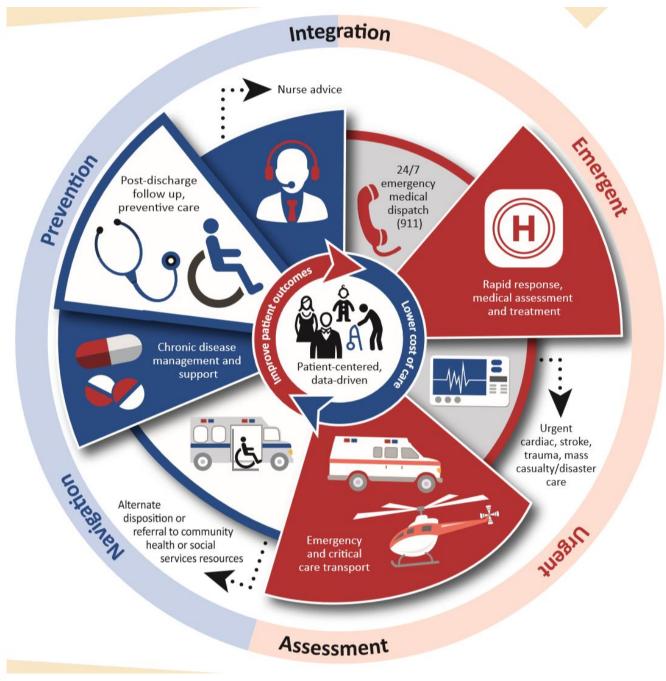


December 31, 2024

Anticipated performance period end date







EMS AGENDA 2050 84 A People-Centered Vision

In 2050, EMS systems are designed to provide the best possible outcomes for patients and communities every day and during major disasters. They collaborate with community partners and are integral to regional systems of care that are data-driven, evidence-based and safe. EMS clinicians have access to the resources they need, including up-to-date technology and training. To achieve this vision, EMS systems in 2050 will be designed around six guiding principles.

ADAPTABLE AND INNOVATIVE

Technologies, system designs, educational programs and other aspects of EMS systems are continuously evaluated in order to meet the evolving needs of people and communities. Innovative individuals and organizations are encouraged to test ideas in a safe and systematic way and to implement effective new programs.

INHERENTLY SAFE AND EFFECTIVE

The entire EMS system is designed to be inherently safe in order to minimize exposure of people to injury, infections, illness or stress. Decisions are made with the safety of patients, their families, clinicians and the public as a priority. Clinical care and operations are based on the best available evidence, allowing systems to deliver effective service that focuses on outcomes determined by the entire community, including the individuals receiving care.

SUSTAINABLE AND EFFICIENT

EMS systems across the country have the resources they require to provide care in a fiscally responsible, sustainable framework that appropriately compensates clinicians. Efficient EMS systems provide value to the community, minimize waste and operate with transparency and accountability.



INTEGRATED AND SEAMLESS

Healthcare systems, including EMS, are fully integrated. Additionally, local EMS services collaborate frequently with community partners, including public safety agencies, public health, social services and public works. Communication and coordination across the care continuum are seamless, leaving people with a feeling that one system, comprising many integrated parts, is caring for them and their families.

SOCIALLY EQUITABLE

Access to care, quality of care and outcomes are not determined by age, socioeconomic status, gender, ethnicity, geography or other social determinants. Caregivers feel confident and prepared when caring for children, people who speak different languages, persons with disabilities or other populations that they may not interact with frequently.

RELIABLE AND PREPARED

EMS care is consistent, compassionate and guided by evidence-no matter when or where it is needed or who is providing the care. EMS systems are prepared for anything by being scalable and able to respond to fluctuations in day-to-day demand, as well as major events, both planned and unplanned.

THE FUTURE STARTS NOW >>>>>>>



2050 and help make the vision a reality. * ems gov





Final Thoughts

Internationally:

There is never nothing to do!

We are THE Last Great Health and Social Care Safety Net

We are at the Epicenter of Public Health & Healthcare Solutions

Pre Hospital Research is the Key

More than Amazon.....EMS is #Morethanaride

Response Times – We are damned if we do and damned if we don't!

This is not a job... it's a way of life



